



19 February 2026

Extended Producer Responsibility

Key updates and the path to compliance



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James Ross

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Regulator Perspective

Mamogala Musekene

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Legal Advisor Perspective

Alistair Young

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PRO Perspective

Jonathan Devries



Understanding South Africa's unfolding EPR framework



Alistair Young

Director | CDH
Corporate & Commercial



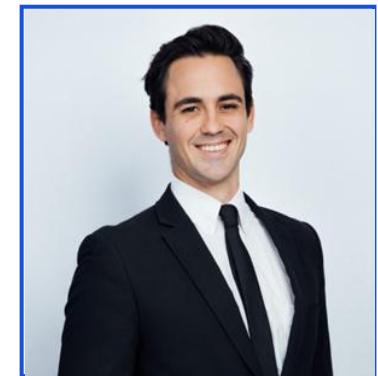
Mamogala Musekene

Deputy Director-General DFFE



Jonathan Devries

Director | R2E2



James Ross

Director | CDH
Corporate & Commercial



Mamogala Musekene: DFFE A Regulator's Perspective

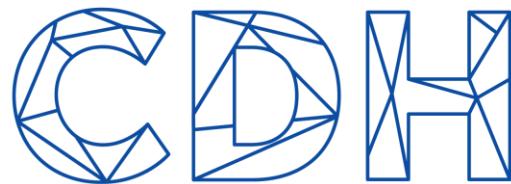


**forestry, fisheries
& the environment**

Department:
Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA



Alistair Young: CDH Legal Advisor Perspective



Jonathan Devries: R2E2 PRO Perspective

R2E2
Recycle Reuse Electrical Electronic



What are EPR Fees?

It means the financial contribution paid by a producer (manufacturer, converter, importer or brandowner), to a registered producer responsibility organization (PRO) for the management of the elimination of waste from the products it places on the market. EPR Fees are based on nett cost recovery of a product and is applied proportionally to all members based on the identified products placed on the market.

What are the EPR Fee options?

1. Flat fee application ie.: Total put on market weight x EPR Fee
2. Modulation application (based on the ease of recyclability) ie.: Difficult to recycle portion of put on market weight x EPR Fee

NB: The prerequisite for modulation is an extensive analysis of the product design and material composition

E P R F e e s ...

What do EPR Fees pay for?

- Recycling which includes collection, transport and treatment costs for separately collected waste
- Administration and operation of a PRO
- Audit and surveillance
- Building up collection's infrastructure within South Africa
- Develop and establish infrastructure for recycling and secondary markets
- Compensate waste reclaimers
- Support and promote small businesses and entrepreneurs with a special focus on women, youth and persons living with disabilities.
- Job creation
- Public communication and awareness-raising

Example

Flat Fee option

Total POM Volumes = 10000 KGs

EPR Fee = R1.65

EPR Fee Calculation: $10000 \times 1.65 = R16500$

Example – Modulation option

Total POM Volumes = 10000 KGs

Difficult to recycle portion = 60%

EPR Fee Volume = $10000 \times 60\% = 6000$ KGs

EPR Fee = R1.65

EPR Fee Calculation: $6000 \times 1.65 = R9900$

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