# **EMPLOYMENT**

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CAN YOU REVIEW AN ARBITRATION AWARD THAT HAS ALREADY BEEN COMPLIED WITH?

# CAN YOU REVIEW AN ARBITRATION AWARD THAT HAS ALREADY BEEN COMPLIED WITH?

While arbitration awards are legally binding, parties to a dispute are at liberty to take the arbitration award on review. The test for review has been established in the leading case of *Sidumo v Rustenburg Platinum Mines Ltd and Others* [2007] 12 BLLR 1097 (CC) as "whether the commissioner's decision was one at which a reasonable commissioner would arrive."

The recent Labour Court case of *Ellerines Furnishers (Pty) Ltd v Commission for Conciliation, Mediation and Arbitration & Others* (2015) 36 ILJ 215 (LC) involved an employee who challenged the fairness of his retrenchment. The Commissioner found that the dismissal was substantively fair, but procedurally unfair. The employee was awarded 5 (five) months' compensation, which amounted to R125,000. The employer complied with the award and paid the payment of R125,000 to the employee. However, it later transpired that the award for compensation was based on the employee's net remuneration. The compensation was accordingly recalculated based on the employee's gross remuneration.

In a subsequent variation ruling, the compensation payable was increased to R214,028.65. Displeased with the additional amount it had to pay, the employer took the arbitration award, together with the variation ruling, on review. The employee responded with a counter-review, arguing that, in making the compensation payment, the employer was perempted from seeking a review of the entire award.

The Labour Court was tasked with striking a balance between the statutory right to review and the doctrine of peremption. The doctrine provides that a party who wishes to comply with an award unconditionally and unreservedly is precluded from seeking a review of that award. In other words, the doctrine acts as a barrier to contradictory intentions, preventing a party from fulfilling an arbitration award on one day and reviewing the same award on the next.

The principle of peremption has previously been accepted and applied in Labour Court decisions, namely in *NUMSA & Others v Fast Freeze* (1992) 13 ILJ 963 (LAC) and *Balasana v Motor Bargaining Council & Others* (2011) 32 ILJ 297 (LC). In the *NUMSA* case, the Court held that voluntary payment or acceptance of payment in terms of a judgment will usually be sufficient to satisfy a court that the party has acquiesced in the judgment. Failure to indicate contemplated appeal and acceptance of compensation precludes the party from proceeding with the appeal. Similarly, in the *Balasana case*, the Court noted that "a finding that the employee's right to review had become perempted would be justified only if it could be found that the employee, by having elected to accept the payment of compensation in compliance with the award, unequivocally abandoned or waived his right to institute the review proceedings."

Unique to the case at hand was the variation ruling, which had an implication on the original arbitration award. The Court agreed that, had there been no variation ruling, the employer would have waived its right to review after having complied with the award.

The Court noted that the right to review means the review of the whole arbitration award. Accordingly, separating the variation ruling from the initial arbitration award would have the potential consequence two applications running at the same time against one award. This could not have been the intention nor the purpose of the Labour Relations Act, No 66 of 1995, insofar as it seeks to resolve labour disputes fairly, justly and equitably.

The Court held that "once it can be said that a right of review exists, such right cannot be circumscribed by the peremption of a portion of that right or that only certain grounds of review may be raised but not others... what this essentially means is that once the variation ruling was issued it became open to Ellerines to challenge the entire arbitration award... on any of the recognised grounds of review, despite an earlier possible peremption of such right of review on the part of the affected party."

Accordingly, the employer was entitled to review the whole arbitration award as a result of the variation ruling and hence the peremption principle was not applicable. The Court nevertheless found that the arbitration award, as well as the variation ruling, was one that a reasonable decision maker would have made. The review and counter-review applications were thus dismissed.

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Employers should ensure that review applications are brought without any compliance of an arbitration award, failing which they may be precluded from reviewing the award. It is only in exceptional circumstances, such as in the *Ellerines case*, where, despite the acquiescence of an arbitration award, the principle of peremption will not apply.

Hugo Pienaar, Lauren Salt and Karabo Ndhlovu

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## **CONTACT US**

#### For more information about our Employment practice and services, please contact:



Aadil Patel National Practice Head Director T +27 (0)11 562 1107 E aadil.patel@dlacdh.com



Gillian Lumb Regional Practice Head Director T +27 (0)21 481 6315 E gillian.lumb@dlacdh.com



Johan Botes Director T +27 (0)11 562 1124 E johan.botes@dlacdh.com

Mohsina Chenia

T +27 (0)11 562 1299

Director



**Fiona Leppan** Director **T** +27 (0)11 562 1152

E mohsina.chenia@dlacdh.com





Hugo Pienaar Director T +27 (0)11 562 1350 E hugo.pienaar@dlacdh.com







Faan Coetzee Executive Consultant T +27 (0)11 562 1600 E faan.coetzee@dlacdh.com

Gavin Stansfield

Michael Yeates

T +27 (0)11 562 1184

+27 (0)21 481 6314

E gavin.stansfield@dlacdh.com

E michael.yeates@dlacdh.com

Director

Director

т

Kirsten Caddy Senior Associate T +27 (0)11 562 1412 E kirsten.caddy@dlacdh.com

Nicholas Preston Senior Associate T +27 (0)11 562 1788 E nicholas.preston@dlacdh.com

Lauren Salt Senior Associate T +27 (0)11 562 1378 E lauren.salt@dlacdh.com Ndumiso Zwane Senior Associate

T +27 (0)11 562 1231 E ndumiso.zwane@dlacdh.com

Anli Bezuidenhout Associate T +27 (0)21 481 6351 E anli.bezuidenhout@dlacdh.com

Katlego Letlonkane Associate T +27 (0)21 481 6319 E katlego.letlonkane@dlacdh.com

Inez Moosa Associate

**T** +27 (0)11 562 1420 **E** inez.moosa@dlacdh.com

Thandeka Nhleko Associate T +27 (0)11 562 1280

E thandeka.nhleko@dlacdh.com

Sihle Tshetlo Associate T +27 (0)11 562 1196 E sihle.tshetlo@dlacdh.com

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### **BBBEE STATUS:** LEVEL THREE CONTRIBUTOR

#### **JOHANNESBURG**

1 Protea Place Sandton Johannesburg 2196, Private Bag X40 Benmore 2010 South Africa Dx 154 Randburg and Dx 42 Johannesburg T +27 (0)11 562 1000 F +27 (0)11 562 1111 E jhb@dlacdh.com

#### **CAPE TOWN**

11 Buitengracht Street Cape Town 8001, PO Box 695 Cape Town 8000 South Africa Dx 5 Cape Town T +27 (0)21 481 6300 F +27 (0)21 481 6388 E ctn@dlacdh.com

### cliffedekkerhofmeyr.com

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